

Adapted IHI Trigger Tool for Measuring Antidiabetic Related Adverse Druge Events

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Antidiabet	ic - Pa	itient Record	Revi	ew She	eet				
Patient Name / Identification #:								Patient's Age:	
Admission Date: Discha							ge Date:		
Antidiabe	tics Ac	dministered	:						
☐ Insulin	□ Insulin			Glybu	ıride		Semaglutide	☐ Canagliflozin	
☐ Metformin			Repa	glinide		Dulaglutide	☐ Empagliflozin		
☐ Rosiglitazone		e		7	glinide		Sitagliptin	☐ Remogliflozin	
☐ Pioglitazone			Acarb			Saxagliptin	☐ Other:		
☐ Glipizide			Exen			Linagliptin	Not an exhaustive list. Work with pharmacist to add all antidiabetic		
☐ Glime	piride			Liragl	utide		Dapagliflozin	medications.	
				Ant	idiabetic Rela	ted Advers	e Drug Event Trigger	S	
Trigger Code	Clue/Symptom/Lab Test				est	Trigger Code	Clue/Symptom/Lab Test		
AD1	Rash/Itching/Diphenhydramine Administered					AD8	Sweating/Tremors/Tachycardia/Confusion/Drowsiness/Agitated Behavior/Seizure/Coma		
AD4	Anaphylactic Reaction					AD9	Fall		
AD5	Nausea/Vomiting/Antiemetic Administered					AD11	Emergent Glucagon Administration		
AD6	Diarrhea					AD12	Abrupt Cessation of Medication		
AD7	AD7 Hypoglycemia/Serum Glucose <50					AD13	Transfer to Higher Level of Care		
Other	Not a	Not an exhaustive List. Add others and adjust table as needed.							
Triggers Fo	ound	nd ADE Found? Harm					Durining (ADE		
(Code)		Yes No		Category**	Description of ADE		Anticoagulant Administered		
Total ADE	for th	is patient:							
Total number of doses of medications for this patient (if available):									
**Harm Ca	ategor	y (adapted f	from N	NCC M	ERP Index):				
Category A-D: Did not cause harm									
Category E: Temporary harm to the patient and required intervention									

Category F: Temporary harm to the patient and required initial or prolonged hospitalization

Category G: Permanent patient harm

Category H: Intervention required to sustain life

Category I: Patient's death

References: IHI Trigger Tool for Measuring ADEs (www.ihi.org) and NCC MERP Index for Categorizing Medication Errors (https://www.nccmerp.org)

The effectiveness of this tool is dependent upon a quality medication reconciliation being performed at admission.

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